

# Special Tools for Scientific Writing

<sup>1</sup>Moses A. Akanbi

<sup>2</sup>Ashiribo S. Wusu

<sup>1,2</sup>Department of Mathematics  
Lagos State University

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# Outline

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- Introduction to L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X

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- Introduction to  $\text{\LaTeX}$
- Input file structure

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- Chemical structures and equations
- Citations and bibliography

# Introduction to L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X

T<sub>E</sub>X

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- L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X is software system that produces professionally typeset document.
- It was originally written by Leslie Lamport.
- It uses the T<sub>E</sub>X formatter as its typesetting engine.

## Advantages of L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X over normal word processors

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## Disadvantages of L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X

- Not suitable for people who have sold their souls . . .
- It is very hard to write unstructured and disorganized documents.

## Installing L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X on Windows

**MiK<sup>T</sup>eX** ...typesetting beautiful documents...

Home   About   Download   Portable   Help   Contact   Give Back

### Getting MiK<sup>T</sup>eX

[Windows](#)   [Mac](#)   [Linux](#)   [Docker](#)   [All downloads](#)

#### Install for Windows 7, 8 and 10 (64-bit)

To install a basic TeX/LaTeX system on Windows, download and run this installer.

Date: 6/3/2017

File name: basic-miktex-2.9.6361-x64.exe

Size: 191.13 MB

[Download](#)

Please read the [tutorial](#), if you want step-by-step guidance.

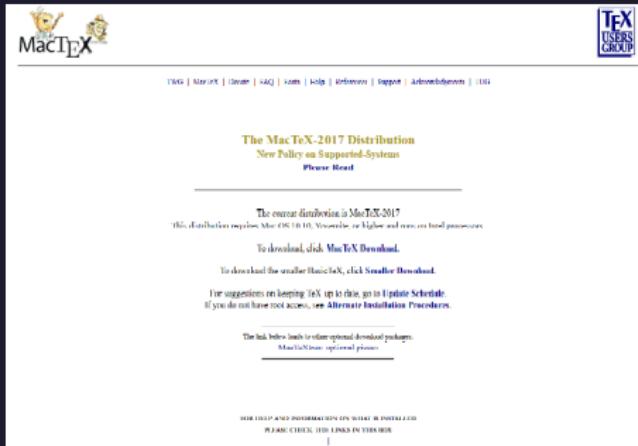
When you have installed MiK<sup>T</sup>eX, it is recommended that you [run the update wizard](#) in order to get the latest!

If you want to install MiK<sup>T</sup>eX on many client computers, then you should use the MiK<sup>T</sup>eX Setup Utility to do this. Read the [deployment tutorial](#), if you want step-by-step guidance.

<https://miktex.org/download>

# Introduction to L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X

## Installing L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X on Mac



The screenshot shows the homepage of the MacTeX-2017 Distribution website. At the top, there are two cartoon owl icons above the text "MacTeX". To the right is the "TUG USERS GROUP" logo. Below the header, there is a navigation bar with links: TUG | MacTeX | Home | FAQ | Stats | Help | References | Support | Administrators | Log In. The main content area is titled "The MacTeX-2017 Distribution" and "New Policy on Supported Systems". It includes a link "Please Read". Below this, it says "The current distribution is MacTeX-2017" and "This distribution requires Mac OS X 10.10, Yosemite, or Higher and runs on Intel processors". It provides a download link "To download, click MacTeX Download". There is also a link "To download for smaller BasicTeX, click Smaller Download". Further down, it says "For suggestions on keeping TeX up to date, go to Update Schedule. If you do not have root access, see Alternate Installation Procedures". At the bottom, there is a note: "THE LINK BELOW LEADS TO OTHER OPTIONAL DOWNLOAD PACKAGES. MacTeXNow: optional plugins" with a link "[ ]".

<http://www.tug.org/mactex>

# Introduction to L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X

## Installing L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X on Linux

### TeX Live

TeX Live is an easy way to get up and running with the TeX document production system. It provides a comprehensive TeX system with binaries for most flavors of Unix, including GNU/Linux, and also Windows. It includes all the major TeX-related programs, macro packages, and fonts that are free software, including support for many languages around the world.

- [How to acquire TeX Live](#) ([download](#), [mirrors](#), [other methods](#))
- [Quick install for Linux](#) ([installation](#) and [newer release for Windows](#), for Mac OSX, see the [MacTeX distribution](#))
- [Documentation](#) and [mailing lists](#)
- Known [issues](#) and [fixes/bugs](#) in the current release (check for [texlive](#), [TeX Live](#), [MacTeX](#))
- Portable (USB and DVD) usage of TeX Live
- [Installers](#) (including packages after installation and full upgrade from previous year)
- [TeX Live Licensing](#), and [interaction with competing system distributions](#)
- [Development source repository](#), and [building the source](#)
- [How you can help](#)

Current release: TeX Live 2017 is [available](#) ([as a tarball](#)) and on [DVD](#). It was released on 4 June 2017, and [previous releases](#) are available.

Some starting points for actually using TeX are in this [introduction to the TeX world](#).

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TeX Live has been developed since 1994 by collaboration between the TeX User groups. TeX Live was originally perpetrated by Sebastian Rahtz. Present maintainers include Alan Kisiel, Karl Berry, Doug Stanis, Slavik Mihalek, Norbert Preining, Benjamin Voigt, Tom Roussey, and a host of thousands.

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Sphinx 2017-06-01 22:51:47.6

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<http://www.tug.org/texlive/debian.html>

## Some open-source L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X editors

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- TeXstudio – another multi-platform L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X editor.
- Kile – ideal for Linux users

## Some non-free L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X editors

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- BaKoMa T<sub>E</sub>X
- Inlage
- TeXCoding
- Texpad
- WinEdt

# Layout of the Document

## Document Classes

```
\documentclass[options]{class}
```

```
\documentclass[11pt,twoside,a4paper]{article}
```

## Packages

```
\usepackage[options]{package}
```

```
\usepackage[left=1.5cm,top=2cm,nofoot]{geometry}
```

## Document body

```
\begin{document}
```

some latex codes goes here

```
\end{document}
```

### A Minimal L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X File

```
\documentclass[a4paper,11pt]{article}
% define the title
\author{M. A. Akanbi and A. S. Wusu}
\title{A Minimal \LaTeX{} File}
\begin{document}
% generates the title
\maketitle
% insert the table of contents
\tableofcontents
\section{This is a section heading}
Thank you for attending this workshop.
\section{Another section heading}
Here, all is about \LaTeX{}
\end{document}
```

## Output of Minimal L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X File

### A Minimal L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X File

M. A. Akanbi and A. S. Wusu

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#### Contents

1	This is a section heading	1
---	---------------------------	---

2	Another section heading	1
---	-------------------------	---

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Thank you for attending this workshop.

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Here, all is about L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X

### ***Output of Minimal L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X File***

## Compilation steps

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- Edit/Create your L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X input file: "*minimal.tex*"

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- Edit/Create your L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X input file: "*minimal.tex*"
- Run L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X on your input file: "***latex minimal.tex***"

## Compilation steps

- Edit/Create your L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X input file: "***minimal.tex***"
- Run L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X on your input file: "***latex minimal.tex***"
- View the DVI file: "***xdvι minimal.dvi &***"

## Compilation steps

- Edit/Create your L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X input file: "***minimal.tex***"
- Run L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X on your input file: "***latex minimal.tex***"
- View the DVI file: "***xpdf minimal.dvi &***"
- Convert the dvi file to Postscript for printing: "***dvips -Pcmz minimal.dvi -o minimal.ps***"

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- Edit/Create your L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X input file: "***minimal.tex***"
- Run L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X on your input file: "***latex minimal.tex***"
- View the DVI file: "***xvdi minimal.dvi &***"
- Convert the dvi file to Postscript for printing: "***dvips -Pcmz minimal.dvi -o minimal.ps***"
- Convert your *.dvi* files straight into *.pdf*: "***dvipdf minimal.dvi***"

## Text Formatting

### Latex codes:

- `\textbf{bold text}`

### Outputs:

- **bold text**

## Text Formatting

### Latex codes:

- `\textbf{bold text}`
- `\textit{italicized text}`

### Outputs:

- **bold text**
- *italicized text*

## Text Formatting

### Latex codes:

- `\textbf{bold text}`
- `\textit{italicized text}`
- `\textsc{small caps}`

### Outputs:

- **bold text**
- *italicized text*
- **small caps**

## Text Formatting

### Latex codes:

- `\textbf{bold text}`
- `\textit{italicized text}`
- `\textsc{small caps}`
- `\underline{underlined text}`

### Outputs:

- **bold text**
- *italicized text*
- small caps
- underlined text

## Text Formatting

### Latex codes:

- `\textbf{bold text}`
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- `\textsc{small caps}`
- `\underline{underlined text}`
- ‘single’ and “double quotes”

### Outputs:

- **bold text**
- *italicized text*
- small caps
- underlined text
- ‘single’ and “double quotes”

## Equations

### Latex codes:

- The roots of  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  can be obtained by using the formula:

```
\begin{equation}\label{quadEqu}
x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}
\end{equation}
```

The formula (`\ref{quadEqu}`) is known as the quadratic formula

### Outputs:

- The roots of  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  can be obtained by using the formula:

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \quad (1)$$

The formula (1) is known as the quadratic formula

## Matrices

Latex codes:

- ```
\begin{displaymath}
\mathbf{X} =
\left( \begin{array}{ccc}
x_{11} & x_{12} & \dots \\
x_{21} & x_{22} & \dots \\
\vdots & \vdots & \ddots
\end{array} \right)
```

Outputs:

$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{11} & x_{12} & \dots \\ x_{21} & x_{22} & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix}$$

## Arrays

Latex codes:

- ```
\begin{displaymath}
|x| = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll}
x & \text{\textrm{if } } x > 0 \\
0 & \text{\textrm{if } } x = 0 \\
-x & \text{\textrm{if } } x < 0
\end{array} \right.
\end{displaymath}
```

Outputs:

- $$|x| = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x > 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } x = 0 \\ -x & \text{if } x < 0 \end{cases}$$

## Integrals

Latex codes:

- ```
\begin{displaymath}
\int_{e^2} \frac{1}{x} \sin(\log_e x) dx
\end{displaymath}
```

Outputs:

- $$\int_e^{e^2} \frac{1}{x} \sin(\log_e x) dx$$

## Integrals

Latex codes:

- ```
\begin{displaymath}
\int_{e^2}^e \frac{1}{x} \sin(\log_e x) dx
\end{displaymath}
```

Outputs:

$$\int_e^{e^2} \frac{1}{x} \sin(\log_e x) dx$$

- ```
\begin{displaymath}
\oint_C y^2 dx + x^2 dy
\end{displaymath}
```

$$\oint_C y^2 dx + x^2 dy$$

## Integrals

Latex codes:

- ```
\begin{displaymath}
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\end{displaymath}
```

Outputs:

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- ```
\begin{displaymath}
\oint_C y^2 dx + x^2 dy
\end{displaymath}
```

- $$\oint_C y^2 dx + x^2 dy$$

- ```
\begin{displaymath}
\int \int \int_B (x^2 e^y + xyz) dV
\end{displaymath}
```

- $$\int \int \int_B (x^2 e^y + xyz) dV$$

## Summations and Product

Latex codes:

- ```
\begin{displaymath}
\sum_{i=1}^n \qquad
\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \qquad
\prod_{\epsilon}
```

  
 $\prod_{\epsilon}$

Outputs:

- $$\sum_{i=1}^n \qquad \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \qquad \prod_{\epsilon}$$

## Summations and Product

Latex codes:

- ```
\begin{displaymath}
\sum_{i=1}^n \qquad
\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \qquad
\prod_{\epsilon}
```
- ```
\begin{displaymath}
\sum_{\substack{0 < i < n \\ 1 < j < m}} P(i,j) = \sum_{\substack{i \in I \\ 1 < j < m}} Q(i,j)
```
- ```
\begin{displaymath}
P(i,j) =
\sum_{\substack{1 < j < m \\
\text{I} \in \mathbb{I}}} Q(i,j)
\end{displaymath}
```

Outputs:

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \qquad \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \qquad \prod_{\epsilon}$$

$$\sum_{\substack{0 < i < n \\ 1 < j < m}} P(i,j) = \sum_{\substack{i \in I \\ 1 < j < m}} Q(i,j)$$

## Lists

Latex codes:

- \begin{itemize}
  - \item First Item
  - \item Second Item\end{itemize}

Outputs:

- First Item
- Second Item

## Lists

### Latex codes:

- `\begin{itemize}`  
    `\item First Item`  
    `\item Second Item`  
`\end{itemize}`
  
- `\begin{enumerate}`  
    `\item First Item`  
    `\item Second Item`  
`\end{enumerate}`

### Outputs:

- First Item
- Second Item
- 1 First Item  
2 Second Item

## Lists

### Latex codes:

- \begin{itemize}  
    \item First Item  
    \item Second Item  
  \end{itemize}
- \begin{enumerate}  
    \item First Item  
    \item Second Item  
  \end{enumerate}
- \begin{description}  
    \item[Username] Latex123  
    \item[Password] cbaXETAI

### Outputs:

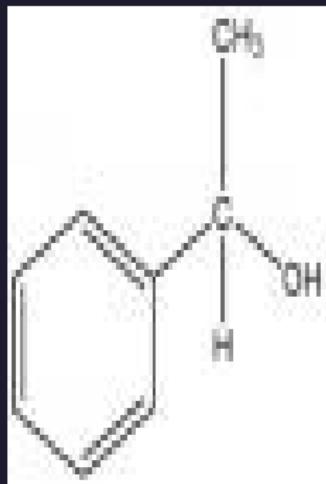
- First Item
- Second Item
- ① First Item  
    ② Second Item
- Username Latex123  
    Password cbaXETAI

## Figures

Latex codes:

- ```
\begin{figure}
\centering
\includegraphics[width=3cm,
height=4.5cm]{figures/sampleFigure} \\
\caption*{\textbf{This is a
sample figure}} \label{samplefigure}
\end{figure}
```

Outputs:



*This is a sample figure*

## New Commands

\newcommand{name}[num]{definition}

Latex codes:

- \newcommand{  
  \RPlus}{[0,\infty)}

Outputs:

- $[0, \infty)$

## New Commands

\newcommand{name}[num]{definition}

Latex codes:

- \newcommand{\RPlus}{[0,\infty)}
- \newcommand{\norm}[1]{\left\| #1 \right\|}

Outputs:

- $[0, \infty)$
- $\|\Omega\|$

## New Commands

\newcommand{name}[num]{definition}

Latex codes:

- \newcommand{\RPlus}{[0,\infty)}
- \newcommand{\norm}[1]{\left\| #1 \right\|}
- \newcommand{\abs}[1]{\left| #1 \right|}

Outputs:

- $[0, \infty)$
- $\|\Omega\|$
- $|\rho|$

## New environments

```
\newenvironment{name}{num}{before}{after}
```

Latex codes:

- `\begin{myEnv}`  
This is a Title text \ldots  
`\end{myEnv}`

Outputs:

- ■ This is a Title text ... ■

declaration:

```
\newenvironment{myEnv}{\rule{1ex}{1ex}\hspace{\stretch{1}}}{\hspace{\stretch{1}}\rule{1ex}{1ex}}
```

## Features

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- Draw groups of atoms.

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- Draw groups of atoms.
- Draw different types of bonds.

## Features

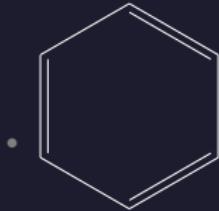
- Draw groups of atoms.
- Draw different types of bonds.
- Flexible bond angles.

## Features

- Draw groups of atoms.
- Draw different types of bonds.
- Flexible bond angles.
- Customization of bonds.

## Benzene Ring

Outputs:

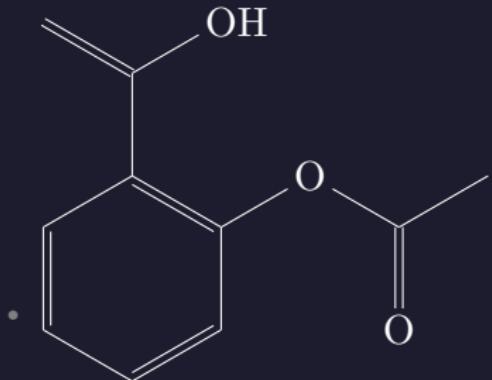


Latex codes:

- `\chemfig{*6(-=-=-=)}`

## Aspirin

Outputs:

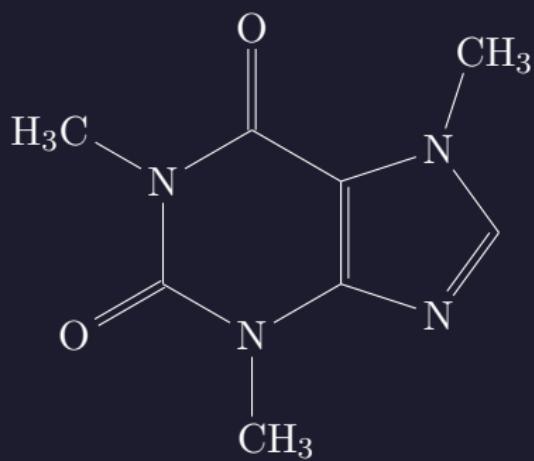


Latex codes:

- `\chemfig{*6(-=-(-O-[::60](=[:-60]O)-[::+60])=(-(=[::+60])-[:-60]OH)-=)}`

## Caffeine

Outputs:



Latex codes:

- `\chemfig{ *6((=O)-N(-CH_3)-*5(-N=-N(-CH_3)=)--(=O)-N(-H_3C)-)}`

## Embedded Bibliography

```
\begin{thebibliography}{99}
\bibitem{WAF2015}
Wusu A.S., Akanbi M. A. and Fatimah B.O.
{\em On the Derivation and Implementation of a
Four Stage Harmonic Explicit Runge-Kutta Method},
Applied Mathematics,
Vol.(6),
(2015).
\end{thebibliography}
```

## External Bibliography

```
@article{WAB2016,  
author = "Wusu, A. S. and Akanbi, M. A. and Bosede, A. O.",  
year = "2016",  
title = "Exponentially--Fitted 2--Step Simpson's  
Method for Oscillatory/Periodic Problems",  
journal = "Journal of Applied Mathematics and Physics",  
volume = "4",  
pages = "368--375"  
}
```

## External Bibliography

```
\bibliography{my_bibtex.bib}
```

### Bibliography Management with natbib

Latex codes:

- `\cite{WAB2016}`

Outputs:

- #id#

## Bibliography Management with natbib

### Latex codes:

- \cite{WAB2016}
- \citet{WAB2016}

### Outputs:

- #id#
- Wusu et al. (2016)

## Bibliography Management with natbib

### Latex codes:

- \cite{WAB2016}
- \citet{WAB2016}
- \citet{WAB2016}

### Outputs:

- #id#
- Wusu et al. (2016)
- (Wusu et al., 2016)

## Bibliography Management with natbib

### Latex codes:

- \cite{WAB2016}
- \citet{WAB2016}
- \citet{WAB2016}
- \citet{\*}{WAB2016}

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- Wusu et al. (2016)
- (Wusu et al., 2016)
- Wusu, Akanbi, and Bakre (2016)

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- Wusu, Akanbi, and Bakre (2016)
- (Wusu, Akanbi, and Bakre 2016)

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- \citet\*{WAB2016}
- \citeauthor{WAB2016}

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- (Wusu, Akanbi, and Bakre 2016)
- Wusu, Akanbi, and Bakre

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- \citet\*{WAB2016}
- \citeauthor{WAB2016}
- \citeauthor\*{WAB2016}

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- Wusu et al. (2016)
- (Wusu et al., 2016)
- Wusu, Akanbi, and Bakre (2016)
- (Wusu, Akanbi, and Bakre 2016)
- Wusu, Akanbi, and Bakre
- 2016

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- \citet\*{WAB2016}
- \citeauthor{WAB2016}
- \citeauthor\*{WAB2016}
- \citeyear{WAB2016}

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- (Wusu et al., 2016)
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- (Wusu, Akanbi, and Bakre 2016)
- Wusu, Akanbi, and Bakre
- 2016
- (2016)

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### Latex codes:

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- \citet{\*}{WAB2016}
- \citeauthor{WAB2016}
- \citeauthor{\*}{WAB2016}
- \citeyear{WAB2016}
- \citealt{WAB2016}

### Outputs:

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- Wusu et al. (2016)
- (Wusu et al., 2016)
- Wusu, Akanbi, and Bakre (2016)
- (Wusu, Akanbi, and Bakre 2016)
- Wusu, Akanbi, and Bakre
- 2016
- (2016)
- Wusu et al. 2016

## Bibliography Management with natbib

### Latex codes:

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- \citet{WAB2016}
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- \citet{\*}{WAB2016}
- \citet{\*}{WAB2016}
- \citeauthor{WAB2016}
- \citeauthor{\*}{WAB2016}
- \citeyear{WAB2016}
- \citealt{WAB2016}
- \citealp{WAB2016}

### Outputs:

- #id#
- Wusu et al. (2016)
- (Wusu et al., 2016)
- Wusu, Akanbi, and Bakre (2016)
- (Wusu, Akanbi, and Bakre 2016)
- Wusu, Akanbi, and Bakre
- 2016
- (2016)
- Wusu et al. 2016
- Wusu et al., 2016

## Bibliography Management with biblatex

```
\bibliographystyle{stylename}  
\bibliography{bibfile}
```

## Bibliography style for biblatex

plain, alpha, apalike, abrv, acm, ieeetr, siam, unsrt

## Bibliography and Further Reading

## Bibliography and Further Reading

- *The Not So Short Introduction to L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X2* by **Tobias Oetiker**

- *The Not So Short Introduction to L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X2* by **Tobias Oetiker**
- *Advanced L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X* by **Tim Love**

- *The Not So Short Introduction to L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X2* by **Tobias Oetiker**
- *Advanced L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X* by **Tim Love**
- *ChemFig documentation* by **Christian Tellechea**